±76-ACRE AMAZING FACTS STUDY AREA

PLACER COUNTY, CALIFORNIA



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BIOLOGICAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT FOR THE ±76-ACRE AMAZING FACTS STUDY AREA

INTRODUCTION

Project Location

North Fork Associates conducted a biological resource assessment for an approximately 76-acre project site in Placer County, California. The Study Area is located along Sierra College Boulevard just south of Rocklin Road. The location corresponds to Section 28 of Township 11 North and Range 7 East on the 7.5 minute Rocklin, United States Geological Survey quadrangle (Figure 1). The latitude and longitude of the approximate center of the site are 121° 12' 25.94" West and 38° 46' 13.42" North. The Assessor's Parcel Numbers (APN) are 046-050-006 and 046-050-008.

Setting

The Study Area is located at an elevation between approximately 300 and 520 feet. The Study Area is bounded by Sierra College Boulevard to the north and adjacent land uses include residential developments to the north and rural residential to the west, east and south (Figure 2).

Proposed Project Description

The proposed project includes the construction of a church and a parking lot in the northwest corner of the Study Area. Road access is proposed off of Sierra College Boulevard.

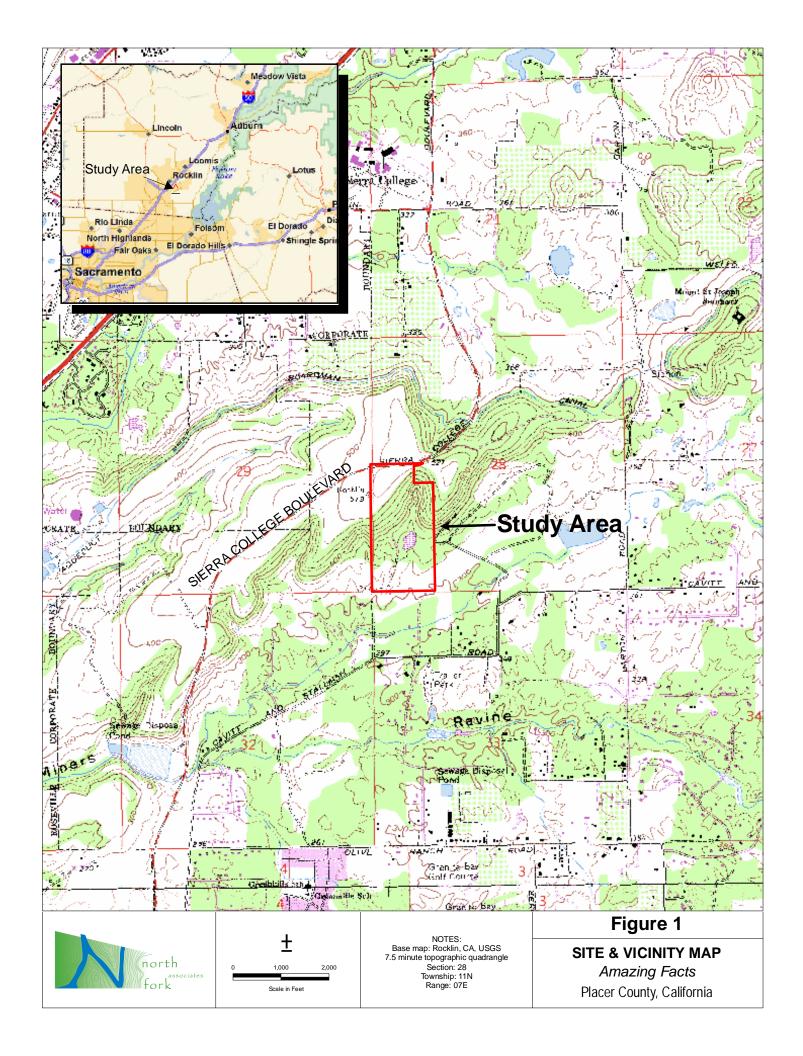
Objectives of Biological Resource Assessment

- Identify and describe the biological communities present on the Study Area.
- Record plant and animal species observed on the Study Area.
- Evaluate and identify sensitive resources and special-status plant and animal species that could be affected by project activities.
- Provide conclusions and recommendations.

METHODS

Literature Review

A variety of resources were used in this assessment. An aerial photo was obtained from California Spatial Information Library in August 2005. Geological information was taken from the Geologic Map of California, Sacramento Sheet (California Department of Conservation). Soil information was obtained from the *Placer County, Soil Survey* (USDA, NRCS 1980).



Cyperus eragrostis Tall flatsedge
Eleocharis macrostachya Creeping spikerush

Juncaceae

Juncus bufonius Toad rush
Juncus mexicanus Mexican rush

Liliaceae

Chlorogalum pomeridianum var. pomeridianum Soap plant

Poaceae

*Aira caryophyllea Silver European hairgrass

*Avena barbata Slender wild oat
*Briza minor Small quaking grass

*Bromus diandrus Ripgut grass

*Bromus hordeaceus Soft chess

*Bromus madritensis subsp. madritensis Spanish brome

*Cynosurus echinatus Hedgehog dogtail

Deschampsia danthonioides Annual hairgrass

*Gastridium phleoides Nit grass

*Hordeum marinum subsp. gussoneanum

*Hordeum murinum

Foxtail barley

Leersia oryzoides

*Lolium multiflorum

Italian ryegrass

Melica sp.

Melicarass

Melica sp.MelicgrassNassella pulchraPurple needlegrass*Paspalum dilatatumDallis grass*Polypogon monspeliensisAnnual beard grass*Taeniatherum caput-medusaeMedusahead*Vulpia bromoidesBrome fescue*Vulpia myurosRattail fescue

Themidaceae

Brodiaea elegans subsp. elegansHarvest brodiaeaDichelostemma capitatum subsp. capitatumBlue dicksTriteleia laxaIthuriel's spear

Typhaceae

Typha angustifolia Narrow-leaved cattail

Appendix B. Wildlife Species Observed within the Amazing Facts Study Area

Appendix B Wildlife Species Observed within the Amazing Facts Study Area

Fish	
Sunfish	Lepomis ssp.
Amphibians	
Pacific chorus frog	Pseudacris regilla
Bullfrog	Rana catesbeiana
Birds	
Turkey vulture	Cathartes aura
Canada goose	Branta canadensis
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos
Red-shouldered hawk	Buteo lineatus
Red-tailed hawk	Buteo jamaicensis
American kestrel	Falco sparverius
Wild turkey	Meleagris gallopavo
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura
Great Horned owl	Bubo virginianus
Anna's hummingbird	Calypte anna
Acorn woodpecker	Melanerpes formicivorus
Ash-throated flycatcher	Myiarchus cinerascens
Oak titmouse	Baeolophus inornatus
Bushtit	Psaltriparus minimus
White-breasted nuthatch	Sitta carolinensis
Lark sparrow	Chondestes grammacus
House finch	Carpodacus mexicanus
Lesser goldfinch	Carduelis psaltria
Mammals	
Black-tailed hare	Lepus californicus
Raccoon	Procyon lotor
Mule deer	Odocoileus hemionus

Appendix C. Special Status Plant Species Known to Occur in the Vicinity of the Amazing Facts Study Area

Appendix C
Special Status Plant Species Known to Occur in the Vicinity of the Amazing Facts Study Area

Family Taxon Common Name	Status*	Flowering Period	Habitat	Probability on Project Site
11				·
Adoxaceae Viburnum ellipticum	E 1	M 11	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	None. This species prefers steeper, moister slopes.
Western viburnum	Fed: - State: -	May-July	lower montane coniferous forest.	Troiler Time species protons steeper, monster stopes.
western viourium	CNPS: List 2.3			
	CITIO. Elst 2.3			
Alismataceae				
Sagittaria sanfordii	Fed: -	May-August	Marshes and swamps (assorted	Possible. Could occur on pond margins.
Sanford's arrowhead	State: -		shallow freshwater).	
	CNPS: List 1B.2			
Asteraceae				
Balsamorhiza macrolepis macrolepis	Fed: -	March-June	Cismontane woodland; valley and	Possible. Suitable habitat is present.
Big-scale balsam-root	State: -	Water June	foothill grassland; [sometimes	
Dig Senie Guisani 1990	CNPS: List 1B.2		serpentinite].	
Packera layneae	Fed: FT	April-July	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Layne's ragwort	State: CR		[serpentinite or gabbroic].	
	CNPS: List 1B.2			
Pseudobahia bahiifolia	Fed: FE	Manah Masa	Cismontane woodland; valley and	Unlikely. Only marginal habitat is present.
	Fed: FE State: CE	March-May	foothill grassland; [clay soil].	ommory. Only marginal national is prosent.
Hartweg's pseudobahia	CNPS: List 1B.1		About 150 m.	
	CIVI 5. LIST ID.I			
Wyethia reticulata	Fed: -	May-July	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	None. No suitable habitat is present.
El Dorado County mules ears	State: -		lower montane coniferous forest; [clay or gabbroic].	- -
•	CNPS: List 1B.2		iciay of gaudioicj.	

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Family Taxon Common Name	Status*	Flowering Period	Habitat	Probability on Project Site
Campanulaceae				
Downingia pusilla	Fed: -	March-May	Valley and foothill grassland	Possible. Suitable habitat is present.
Dwarf downingia	State: -	•	(mesic); vernal pools.	
	CNPS: List 2.2			
Legenere limosa	Fed: -	April-June	Vernal pools.	Possible. Suitable habitat is present, although this
Legenere	State: -			species prefers deeper pools.
	CNPS: List 1B.1			
Cistaceae				
Helianthemum suffrutescens	Fed: -	April-June	Chaparral (often serpentinite,	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Bisbee Peark rush-rose	State: -		gabbroic, or Ione soil).	
	CNPS: List 3.2			
Convolvulaceae				
Calystegia stebbinsii	Fed: FE	May-June	Chaparral (openings); cismontane woodland; [serpentinite or	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Stebbins' false bindweed	State: CE		gabbroic].	
	CNPS: List 1B.1			
Juncaceae				
Juncus leiospermus ahartii	Fed: -	March-May	Vernal pools.	Possible. Suitable habitat is present.
Ahart's dwarf rush	State: -			
	CNPS: List 1B.2			
Juncus leiospermus leiospermus	Fed: -	March-May	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	Possible. Suitable habitat is present.
Red Bluff dwarf rush	State: -		valley and foothill grassland; vernal pools; [vernally mesic].	
	CNPS: List 1B.1			

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Family Taxon Common Name	Status*	Flowering Period	Habitat	Probability on Project Site
Common Punic	Status	Tiowering Terror	Tuotut	1100aomiy on 110jeet bho
Liliaceae				
Allium jepsonii	Fed: -	May-August	Cismontane woodland; lower montane coniferous forest	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Jepson's onion	State: -		[serpentinite or volcanic]. 300 to	
	CNPS: List 1B.2		1160 meters.	
Chlorogalum grandiflorum	Fed: -	May-June	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Red Hills soaproot	State: -		[serpentinite or gabbroic].	
	CNPS: List 1B.2			
Fritillaria eastwoodiae	Fed: -	March-May	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	Unlikely. Only very marginal habitat is present.
Butte County fritillary	State: -	•	lower montane coniferous forest (openings); [sometimes	
	CNPS: List 3.2		serpentinite].	
Onagraceae				
Clarkia biloba brandegeeae	Fed: -	May-July	Chaparral; cismontane woodland	Possible. Suitable habitat is present.
Brandegee's clarkia	State: -	, ,	[often on roadcuts].	
•	CNPS: List 1B.2			
Poaceae				
Orcuttia viscida	Fed: FE	May-June	Vernal pools.	Unlikely. Very few of the pools are deep enough for this
Sacramento Valley Orcutt grass	State: CE	,		species.
,	CNPS: List 1B.1			
Polemoniaceae Navarretia myersii myersii	F 1		Vernal pools.	Possible. Suitable habitat is present.
•	Fed: -	May-May	· criai poois.	1 obstore. Surmore marine is present.
Pincushion navarretia	State: -			
	CNPS: List 1B.1			

Appendix C
Special Status Plant Species Known to Occur in the Vicinity of the Amazing Facts Study Area

Family Taxon Common Name	2	Status*	Flowering Period	Habitat	Probability on Project Site
Rhamnaceae					
Ceanothus roderickii	Fed:	FE	May-June	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Pine Hill ceanothus	State:	CR		[serpentinite or gabbroic].	
	CNPS:	List 1B.2			
Rubiaceae					
Galium californicum sierrae	Fed:	FE	May-June	Chaparral; cismontane woodland; lower montane coniferous forest;	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Eldorado bedstraw	State:	CR		[gabbroic].	
	CNPS:	List 1B.2			
Scrophulariaceae					
Cordylanthus mollis hispidus	Fed:	-	June-September	Meadows; playas; [alkaline]. 1-	None. No suitable habitat is present.
Hispid bird's-beak	State:	-		155m.	
	CNPS:	List 1B.1			
Gratiola heterosepala	Fed:	-	April-June	Marshes and swamps (lake	Possible. Suitable habitat is present.
Bogg's Lake hedge-hyssop	State:	CE	•	margins); vernal pools. Below 1200 m.	
	CNPS:	List 1B.2		-200 	
Sterculiaceae					
$Fremontod endron\ californic um\ de cumbens$	Fed:	FE	April-June	Chaparral; cismontane woodland;	; None. No suitable habitat is present.
Pine Hill flannelbush	State:	CR	-	[gabbroic or serpentinite].	
	CNPS:	List 1B.2			

Appendix C

Special Status Plant Species Known to Occur in the Vicinity of the Amazing Facts Study Area

Family				
Taxon				
Common Name	Status*	Flowering Period	Habitat	Probability on Project Site

*Status

CNPS (California Native Plant Society - List.RED Code): Federal: State: List 1A - Extinct

CE - California Endangered FE - Federal Endangered FT - Federal Threatened CT - California Threatened FPE - Federal Proposed Endangered CR - California Rare

FPT - Federal Proposed Threatened CSC - California Species of Special Concern

FC - Federal Candidate

List 1B - Plants rare, threatened, or endangered in California and elsewhere

List 2 - Plants rare, threatened, or endangered in California, more common elsewhere

List 3 - Plants about which more information is needed, a review list

List 4 - Plants of limited distribution, a watch list

RED Code

1 - Seriously endangered (>80% of occurrences threatened)

2 - Fairly endangered (20 to 80% of occurrences threatened)

3 - Not very endangered (<20% of occurrences threatened)

Appendix D. Special Status Wildlife Species Known to Occur in the Vicinity of the Amazing Facts Study Area

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	Status*	Habitat	Probability on Project Site
Invertebrates			
Vernal pool fairy shrimp Branchinecta lynchi	Fed: FT State: - Other: -	Vernal pools and other temporary bodies of water in southern and Central Valley of California. Most common in smaller grass or mud bottomed swales or basalt flow depression pools in unplowed grasslands.	Possible. Habitat components present on study site.
Vernal pool tadpole shrimp Lepidurus packardi	Fed: FE State: - Other: -	Found in vernal pools in the Central Valley of California and in the San Francisco Bay area. Inhabits vernal pools with clear to highly turbid water.	Unlikely. Habitat requirement of deeper pools are not present on the study site.
Conservancy fairy shrimp Brachinecta conservatio	Fed: FE State: - Other: -	Endemic to the Central Valley and southern coastal regions of California. Prefers larger, turbid, cool-water vernal pools located in alluvial swales.	Unlikely. Restricted known range in western Placer County.
Insects			
Valley elderberry longhorn beetle Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	Fed: FT State: - Other: *	Requires host plant, elderberry (Sambucus spp.) for most of its life cycle. Shrubs must have stem diameters at ground level of 1.0 inch or greater and shrubs must be found less than 3,000 feet in elevation. Typically riparian and upland associated.	None. No elderberry shrubs observed on the study area.
Amphibians			
Western spadefoot toad Spea hammondii	Fed: - State: CSC Other: -	Found primarily in grassland habitats, but may occur in valley and foothill woodlands. Requires vernal pools, seasonal wetlands, or stock ponds for breeding and egg laying.	Possible. Deeper vernal pools and pond provide habitat.
California red-legged frog Rana aurora draytonii	Fed: FT State: CSC Other: -	Occurs in lowlands and foothills in deeper pools and slow-moving streams, usually with emergent wetland vegetation. Requires 11-20 weeks of permanent water for larval development.	Unlikely. Presence of predators and proximity of nearest occurrence reduce possibility.

Appendix D Special Status Wildlife Species Known to Occur in the Vicinity of the Amazing Facts Study Area

	Status*	Habitat	Probability on Project Site
Reptiles			
Northwestern pond turtle Actinemys marmorata marmorata	Fed: - State: CSC Other: *	Inhabits ponds, marshes, rivers, streams, and irrigation ditches with aquatic vegetation. Requires suitable basking sites and upland habitat for egg laying.	Possible. Pond provides habitat.
Birds			
White-tailed kite Elanus leucurus	Fed: - State: CFP Other: *	Found in lower foothills and valley margins with scattered oaks and along river bottomlands or marshes adjacent to oak woodlands. Nests in trees with dense tops.	Possible. Nesting habitat occurs wiithin the study area.
Bald eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Fed: FT State: CFP Other: *	Occurs along shorelines, lake margins, and rivers. Nests in large, old-growth or dominant trees with open branches.	None. No habitat on the study area.
Cooper's hawk Accipiter cooperii	Fed: - State: CSC Other: -	Breeds in deciduous, mixed, and coniferous forests. Becoming more common in suburban and urban areas. Occurs in open to interrupted woodland.	Possible. Nesting habitats present.
Swainson's hawk Buteo swainsoni	Fed: - State: CT Other: *	Breeds in open areas with scattered trees; prefers riparian and sparse oak woodland habitats. Requires nearby grasslands, grain fields, or alfalfa for foraging. Rare breeding species in Central Valley.	None. Patches of suitable habitat too small; study area outside of known range.
California black rail Laterallus jamaicensis coturnculus	Fed: - State: CT Other: *	Inhabits salt, fresh, and brackish water marshes with little daily and/or annual water fluctuations. In freshwater habitats, preference is for dense bulrush and cattails. Several scattered populations documented from Butte Co. to southern Nevada Co.	Unlikely. Cover habitat not present and rare resident of freshwater marshes of western foothills.
Burrowing owl Athene cunicularia	Fed: - State: CSC Other: *	Found in annual and perennial grasslands. Nests in burrows dug by small mammals, primarily ground squirrels.	None. No burrow systems present on study area.

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	Status*	Habitat		Probability on Project Site
Loggerhead shrike Lanius ludovicianus	Fed: - State: CSO Other: *	Found in broken woodlands, shrubland open country with scattered perches for brush for nesting.		Possible. Suitable nesting habitat present.
Bank swallow Riparia riparia	Fed: - State: CT Other: *	Colonial nester near riparian and oher l vertical banks or cliffs with fine-texture rivers, and lakes.		None. No habitat on the study area.
Tricolored blackbird Agelaius tricolor	Fed: - State: CSO Other: *	Colonial nester in dense cattails, tules, vegetation. Requires open water, dense areas for foraging.		None. Open water present, but pond lacking suitable adjacent vegetation.
Mammals				
Silver-haired bat Lasionycteris noctivagans	Fed: - State: CSO Other: -	Coniferous forests, oak woodland, and hollow trees, snags, buildings, and rock		Possible. May roost in mature trees with cavities.
Pallid bat Antrozous pallidus	Fed: - State: CSO Other: *	Occurs in grasslands, woodlands, deser habitat required for foraging. Common outcrops, cliffs, and crevices for roostin mines, bridges & occasionally hollow t	in dry habitats with rocky ng. Roosts include caves,	Possible. Rocky outcrops present on site along with trees for roosting habitat.
*Status Federal: FE - Federal Endanger FT - Federal Threatene FPE - Federal Propose FPT - Federal Propose FC - Federal Candidate FPD - Federal Propose	d CT - d Endangered CR - d Threatened CC - CFP	California Endangered California Threatened	Department of Forestry Se Species, U.S.D.A. Forest S Raptors and their nests are Code. Certain areas, such	etion under the other designations, such as the California ensitive Species, Bureau of Land Management Sensitive Service Sensitive Species, and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. The protected by provisions of the California Fish and Game as wintering areas of the monarch butterfly, may be protect a Department of Fish and Game.